



Astrophysical Technology Group - OAT

Virtual Observatory: Observational and Theoretical data

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Astronomy is facing a data avalanche

1 microSky (DPOSS)

Multi-Terabyte (soon: multi-Petabyte) sky surveys and archives over a broad range of wavelengths

Billions of sources, hundreds of attributes per source







The changing face of observational astronomy

- Large digital sky surveys are becoming dominant source of data in astronomy: > 100 TB, growing rapidly:
 - SDSS, 2MASS, DPOSS, GSC, FIRST, NVSS, RASS, IRAS, QUEST, GALEX, SST; CMBR experiments; Microlensing experiments; NEAT, LONEOS, and other searches for Solar system objects;
 - Digital libraries: ADS, astro-ph, NED, CDS, NSSDC;
 - Observatory archives: HST, CXO, space and ground-based;
 - Future: PanSTARRS, LSST, and other synoptic surveys; astrometric missions, detectors;
- Data sets orders of magnitude larger, more complex, more homogeneous than in the past;
- Roughly 1 TB/Sky/band/epoch
 - Human Genome is < 1 GB, Library of Congress ~ 20 TB





Toward a "new astronomy"

 Past: Observations of small, carefully selected samples (often with *a priori* prejudices) of objects in one or a few wavelength bands





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Toward a "new astronomy"

- Future: <u>Multi-wavelength data</u> for millions of objects, allowing us to:
 - Discover significant patterns from the analysis of statistically rich and unbiased image/catalog databases;
 - Understand complex astrophysical systems via confrontation between data and sophisticated numerical simulation;











Toward a "new astronomy"

 Discovering new phenomena and patterns in these datasets will require simultaneous access to multi-wavelength archives, advanced visualization and statistical analysis tools









The Virtual Observatory is...

- A set of international standards to share complex data;
- A modular set of tools to work with distributed data;
- A simple environment to publish data to;
- An essential part of the research astronomer's toolkit;
- A catalyst for world-wide access to astronomical archives;
- A vehicle for education and public outreach;

R.J. Hanisch & P.J. Quinn, "International Virtual Observatory Alliance", <u>http://www.ivoa.net/pub/info/</u>





The Virtual Observatory is NOT...

A replacement for building new telescopes and instruments;
 A centralized repository for data;

A data quality enforcement organization;



IVOA (International Virtual Observatory Alliance)



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VO data

I step: VO started dealing with observational data, see "All VO" in Aladin tool;

- II step: now in the VO there is some prototypes for theoretical data, see VOTech project:
 - cosmological simulation;
 - stellar Spectra simulation;
 - Tracks and isochrones simulation BaSTI;
- You can provide your collection of data into the VO;

🧭 Liste des serveurs

Check/uncheck the servers concerned by the ALL VO discovery mode

Select all Unselect all

Image servers

0	•	The Aladin	image	server	(CDS/Stras	bourg) -	DSS/MAMA/2MASS/	IRAS
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- 2) 🛛 🗹 SDSS DR6 images
- 3) 🛛 🗹 Multimission Archive at STScI (MAST)
- 4) 🛛 🗹 MAMA ESO R Atlas VO-Paris (Fr)
- 5) 🔽 Canadian Astronomical Data Center (CADC)
- 6) 🛛 🗖 [ITVO from IA2-OATs Simulated DATA (Trieste)]
- 7) 🛛 🔽 The National Telescope Galileo from IA2-OATs (Trieste)
- 8) 🔽 Chandra X-Ray Observatory Data Archive
- 9) 🛛 🔽 SIA Service for Subaru/XMM-Newton Deep Survey 01
- 10) 🛛 🔽 NCSA Astronomy Digital Image Library Simple Image Access
- 11) 🛛 🗹 The IRAS Galaxy Atlas
- 12) 🛛 🔽 Spitzer First Look Survey (FLS) -- Ancillary VLA Data
- 13) 🛛 🗹 2MASS 6X Lockman Hole Ancillary Data Atlas
- 14) 🛛 🗹 The Mid-Infrared Galaxy Atlas
- 15) 🛛 🗹 2MASS Large Galaxy Atlas
- 16) 🛛 🔽 The Midcourse Space Experiment Data Atlas
- 7) 🛛 🗹 The Infrared Telescope in Space Data Atlas
- 18) 🛛 🗹 SFD IR and Dust Map Surveys
- 19) 🛛 🗹 Digitized Sky Survey: Version 1
- 20) 🛛 🔽 ROSAT PSPC Pointed Observations Mosaic
- 1) 🛛 🗹 XMM-Newton Archive Interoperability System
- 2) 🛛 🔽 Infrared Share Observatory Simple Image Data Acces

SUBMIT Close



IA² - TNG / LBT

Italian Astronomical Archive center http://wwwas.oats.inaf.it/IA2/

- TNG ~ 3500 CD / 270000 (~10 MB one) images of the TNG (Galileo National Telescope)
- LBT -SDT (Large Binocular Telescope-Science Demonstration Time) blu camera, red camera: 100000(~80 MB)images;
 will arrived LBT data;

M51, TNG image





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IA² – Theoretical VO

http://wwwas.oats.inaf.it/IA2/ITVO/ and http://itvo.oact.inaf.it/

- Gadget2 N-body+SPH, ~1.2 TByte, 40000 CPU hours on 64 processors of the IBM-SP4 machine, 102 snapshots;
 Enzo N-body+AMR;
 - Fly N-body;
 - Work in progress: a new web portal for the BaSTI stellar evolution simulation performed with FRANEC code.



Temperature Graphic of simulated galaxy clusters

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GRID and **HPC**

Two infrastructures for running expensive CPUs calculations:

GRID (<u>http://wwwas.oats.inaf.it/grid/</u>)

a computational Grid is a hardware and software infrastructure that provides dependable, consistent, pervasive, and inexpensive access to high-end computational capabilities. (*Carl Kesselman*, *Ian Foster "The Grid: Blueprint for a New Computing Infrastructure" 1998*)

Contacts: <u>vuerli@oats.inaf.it</u> for the Grid workerNode in Trieste i.e.: Planck pipeline tests performed with Grid infrastructure.

HPC=High Performance Computing, CPUs cluster.
 i.e.: CINECA (http://www.cineca.it/en/index.htm) is a Large Scale Facilities, supercomputer center.
 It was used for running Gadget2 simulation stored into IA2 web site.

You can ask for tutorial.





Frequently used VO tools

- Aladin (CDS, Strasbourg) 2-D images visualizer <u>http://aladin.u-strasbq.fr/aladin.gml;</u>
- VisIVO (CINECA) N-D data (HDF5, Gadget, VOTable, fits table, ASCII table, raw binary) http://visivo.cineca.it/;
- TOPCAT (Starlink) to create plots <u>http://www.star.bris.ac.uk/~mbt/topcat/;</u>

(can query the DB of the Millennium simulation, G. Lemson et al., "Halo and Galaxy Formation Histories from the Millenium Run: Public realise of a VO-oriented and SQL-queryable database for studying the evolution of galaxies in the ACDM cosmology" Astro-Ph/0608019, 2006)

- Specview (STScI) spectra http://www.stsci.edu/resources/software hardware/specview;
- VOSpec (ESAC) spectra <u>http://esavo.esa.int/vospec/</u>;
- Plastic Hub to connect all these tools (<u>http://www.ivoa.net/Documents/latest/PlasticDesktopInterop.ht</u> <u>ml</u>)
- Etc.





Aladin tool

Aladin is able to search and open observational and theoretical 2D images







Spherical Cutout

A cutout of a FLY output file performed by Catania@ITVO <u>http://itvo.oact.inaf.it/</u> and visualized with VisIVO tool (new features: <u>http://eurovotech.org/twiki/pub/VOTech/</u> DS6PlanningStage06/VisIVOStage5report.pdf)





Conclusions

- the VO is the fundamental infrastructure that enable the astronomers of XXI century to use the totally investments of keeping for long time the astronomical data.
- so the VO becames a key element for every new astronomical facility:
 - guarantee the maximum scientific return of investments
 - distribute the knowledge to all scientific community.
- Merge technological and scientific group to collaborate inside the IVOA;
- I invite you to try to use the VO tools.
 We want a feedback or suggestions from scientists!!!
 e-mail to: <u>IA2@oats.inaf.it</u> or mailing lists of IVOA;
- Next "IVOA Interop. Meeting": 19-23 May 2008, Trieste, Italy (http://www.ivoa.net/twiki/bin/view/IVOA/InterOpMay2008)



